| Forest Service W C JOB HAZARD ANALYSIS (JHA) References-FSH 6709.11 and -12 | | K PROJECT/ACTIVITY Yents where you will earing the Woodsy (Distume | | 3. UNIT Conservation Education | |
|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| | | E OF ANALYST becca Robertshaw | 5. JOB TITLE Supply Technician /Health & Safety Officer | 6. DATE PREPARED April 2, 2008 | |
| 7. TASKS/PROCEDURES | | 8. HAZARDS | 9. ABATEMENT ACTIONS Engineering Controls * Substitution * Administrative Controls * PPE | | |
| PREPARE FOR THE EVENT | | Tripping/Falling Dehydration/Heat Injury and exhaustion | A. Have a dressing assistant or escort to help you gand falling. B. Wear lightweight, comfortable cloth Wear good walking shoes for stability. A. Take breaks hourly or as needed to cool down a drinking water prior to getting into the costume, so y from carbonated, and caffeinated drinks before or dehydrates your body drastically and carbonation wapproriately — eating food that are high in carbohyd a performance will assist you with your energy leve sugar meals because they will drain your energy ar | get into the costume to avoid tripping ing that does not restrict movement. Ind hydrate. You should start you start out hydrated. Stay away luring a performance – caffeine rill drain your energy. B. Eat rates such as pasta and rice prior to l. Stay away from high salt and | |
| DURING THE EVENT | | Running into Objects orPeople, Tripping and Falling, Stairs, Escalators, Bleachers | A. Have someone to act as your escort, to guide yo WITH YOU AT ALL TIMES. Due to your reduced vi you to avoid running into any objects or people. The uneven ground or any other hazard and lead you w STAIRS, BLEACHERS, AND ESCALATORS as it is inside a costume. A light push on the stairs with the you to lose your balance and take a very bad fall. | sion you will need them to walk with ey will guide you and cue you about here you want to go. B. AVOID s difficult to judge distance from | |
| | | In case of emergency | A. In case of an emergency, the escort would help of free of the costume. | f an emergency, the escort would help get the person inside the costume ostume. | |
| | | Dealing with threatening or obnoxious person/child. | A. This is one of the primary reasons every person When dealing with an obnoxious person ignoring th aggressive behavior inside the costume. Absoulute onlookers – it invites trouble. Hard high fives, tight may cause onlookers to become aggressive and an hand, don't fight them – relax and don't resist. They with middle school/high school kids, watch your back Decide on a hand signal with your escort to call for stop any behavior that is threatening. They will call | em sometimes works. Avoid ly do not pretend to box with hand shakes and similar behavior gry. If a child will not let go of your will let go. Know your audience — k. Stay clear of unsafe areas. help. The escort will immediately | |
| | | Animals/Deep Water | A. Avoid swimming pools and deep water. Steer | clear of animals at all times. | |
| AFTER THE EVENT | | Tripping/Falling/Dehydr ation | A. Your escort should remove the head of the costs vision. Next sit down and remove the big shoes, this remove the rest of the costume. Drink some water | s will give you better balance to | |
| 10. LINE OFFICER SIGNATURE | | | 11. TITLE | 12. DATE | |

| Previous edition is obsolete | (over) | |
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JHA Instructions (References-FSH 6709.11 and .12)

The JHA shall identify the location of the work project or activity, the name of employee(s) writing the JHA, the date(s) of development, and the name of the appropriate line officer approving it. The supervisor acknowledges that employees have read and understand the contents, have received the required training, and are qualified to perform the work project or activity.

- Blocks 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6: Self-explanatory.
- **Block 7:** Identify all tasks and procedures associated with the work project or activity that have potential to cause injury or illness to personnel and damage to property or material. Include emergency evacuation procedures (EEP).
- **Block 8:** Identify all known or suspect hazards associated with each respective task/procedure listed in block 7. For example:
 - a. Research past accidents/incidents
 - Research the Health and Safety Code, FSH 6709.11 or other appropriate literature.
 - c. Discuss the work project/activity with participants
 - d. Observe the work project/activity
 - e. A combination of the above
- **Block 9:** Identify appropriate actions to reduce or eliminate the hazards identified in block 8. Abatement measures listed below are in the order of the preferred abatement method:
 - Engineering Controls (the most desireable method of abatement).
 For example, ergonomically designed tools, equipment, and furniture.
 - b. Substitution. For example, switching to high flash point, non-toxic solvents.
 - Administrative Controls. For example, limiting exposure by reducting the work schedule; establishing appropriate procedures and practices.
 - d. PPE (least desirable method of abatement). For example, using hearing protection when working with or close to portable machines (chain saws, rock drills portable water pumps)
 - e. A combination of the above.
- **Block 10:** The JHA must be reviewed and approved by a line officer. Attach a copy of the JHA as justification for purchase orders when procuring PPE.
- Blocks 11 and 12: Self-explanatory.

Emergency Evacuation Instructions (Reference FSH 6709.11)

Work supervisors and crew members are responsible for developing and discussing field emergency evacuation procedures (EEP) and alternatives in the event a person(s) becomes seriously ill or injured at the worksite.

Be prepared to provide the following information:

- a. Nature of the accident or injury (avoid using victim's name).
- b. Type of assistance needed, if any (ground, air, or water evacuation)
- Location of accident or injury, best access route into the worksite (road name/number), identifiable ground/air landmarks.
- d. Radio frequency(s).
- e. Contact person.
- f. Local hazards to ground vehicles or aviation.
- g. Weather conditions (wind speed & direction, visibility, temp).
- h. Topography.
- i. Number of person(s) to be transported
- j. Estimated weight of passengers for air/water evacuation.

The items listed above serve only as guidelines for the development of emergency evacuation procedures.

JHA and Emergency Evacuation Procedures Acknowledgement

We, the undersigned work leader and crew members, acknowledge participation in the development of this JHA (as applicable) and accompanying emergency evacuation procedures. We have thoroughly discussed and understand the provisions of each of these documents:

| SIGI | NATURE | DATE | SIGNATURE | DATE |
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